STRATEGIC PLAN | 2024-2029



"The long-term planning is not thinking on future decisions, but in the future of the present decisions."

Peter Drucker

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Note: The masculine grammatical gender in the linguistic aspect of this document refers to beings of both sexes.





Dr. Carlos A. Galiano Quiñones Chancellor

Office of Planning, Accreditation, and Institutional Research

Dr. Ivette Irizarry Santiago Coordinator

Mrs. Emma E. Santana Ruiz Collaborator

Prepared by
Dr. Ivette Irizarry Santiago
Dr. Mildred Cuadrado Cuadrado
Institutional Planning Committee

Dr. Mildred Cuadrado Cuadrado Front page, graphic design, typography, and editor

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OPAI Director and CPI Coordinator
Dr. Ivette Irizarry Santiago

OPAI Liaisons

Dr. Mildred Cuadrado Cuadrado

Representative of the Library Mrs. Milagros O. Vázquez Roca

Representative of the Area of Arts
Dr. Juan E. Marcano Medina

Representative of the Area of Sciences
Dr. Deborah Parrilla Hernández

Representative of the Area of Administrative Sciences Dr. Betzabeth López Ríos

Representative of the Administrative Board Prof. Alba I. Pérez Ramos

Representatives of the Academic Senate
Dr. Eneida Silva Collazo
Dr. Evelyn Cruz Llópez

Representative of the Budgeting Office Mrs. Adiary Laviena Rodríguez

Representative of the Offices of Student Services Mr. José R. Jiménez Castro

Representatives of the Non-Teaching Exempt Personnel from the Academic

Departments and from the University Body and External Community Service Areas

Mr. José M. Moreira Barreto

Mr. David López Rodríguez

Dr. Liz M. Pagán Santana

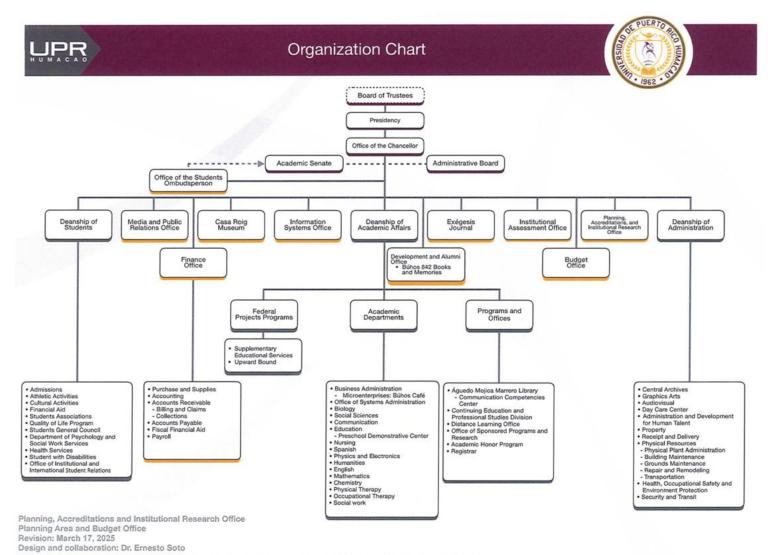
Mrs. Lynette Rivera Morges

Student Mr. Kensar J. Cruz Estrada

External Community
Mr. Francis Bermúdez Vázquez









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Introduction and Preamble

Introduction

The Strategic Plan of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao (UPRH) is the administrative tool that leads the institutional endeavors towards the compliance of the mission and vision, which guide the university efforts. Through its goals, the Plan contributes to the cultural, environmental, social, and economic development, as well as to the improvement of the quality of life of the eastern region served by the university.

The Plan includes the analyses of the internal and external environment within the context on which the university unfolds. Based on these analyses, the objectives and strategies that propose the changes to respond to the identified priorities, were formulated. A team representative of all sectors that compose the university body and the external community conceptualized the Plan. Also, a hearing was held as a direct consulting mechanism of public participation. This gave legitimacy and transparency to the institutional planning process.

Preamble

Revision of strategic planning literature

Basic concepts and fundaments. The higher education institutions (IES, for its Spanish acronym) are currently facing changing and dynamic environments that require faster and adaptive responses to the new scenarios (Huerta-Riveros & Pedraja-Rejas, 2019). The author pointed out that it is essential to have strategic management tools which will allow to adapt quickly to the new demands of the environment. It is emphasized that the traditional tool that has these characteristics is planning, which has been validated over time and is usually used by most organizations, because it brings together the challenges the institution wishes to overcome in the medium and long term. For this reason, its objectives represent the desires that the community has set out to achieve in a specific time horizon.

Planning is the process that guides the institution around fundamental pillars that are present in the daily activities of individuals, such as its vision, mission, goals and objectives, among other strategic guidelines. Huerta-Riveros & Pedraja-Rejas (2019) state that the strategic management of IES acts by expressing their management, leadership, and quality styles in the processes they carry out with the internal and external community. Regarding this, Chiavenato (2017) indicates that strategic planning is the process designed to formulate and perform the organization's strategies with the purpose of positioning it, according to its mission, within the context in which it exists. Peter Drucker (2006) defines the concept of strategic planning as: "A continuous process, based on the broadest possible knowledge of the future, which is used to make decisions in the present, that involve future risks due to the expected results; is organizing the activities necessary to put decisions into practice and to measure, with a systematic reevaluation, the results obtained against the generated expectations".

Today more than ever, faced with the dramatic changes of technology, competitiveness is increasing. As Chiavenato (2017) states, competitive intelligence, or business intelligence, is an extensive process of collecting relevant data and information regarding the objectives, strategies, resources, and capabilities of the organization and its competitors. The author emphasizes that, within the competitive advantage, analytics constitute the input for informed decisions and is considered a subset of competitive intelligence. This facilitates the set of technologies and processes that use data to understand and analyze the performance of the organizations and their competition in the market. The choice of decisions regarding organizational policies demands creative approaches that consider both experience and intuition, as well as predictive analysis of data and information; this is due to the dynamic, complex, and changing world.

As a methodology to address the external and internal environment of organizations in relation to exogenous opportunities and threats, and endogenous strengths and weaknesses, the SWOT Matrix stands out. As described by Chiavenato (2017), the formulation of policies based on the SWOT Matrix





(acronym for Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats) is one of the most used practices in the strategic planning process. This analysis allows cross-examination of external opportunities and threats for the strategic intent of the organization—considering its mission, vision, values and objectives—with the strengths or strong points and weaknesses or areas for improvement of the organization when dealing with threats and opportunities. Once these elements or other relevant factors for the analysis have been listed, as the author suggests, the interrelation of strengths (S) and weaknesses (W)—internal environment—and opportunities (O) and threats (T)—external environment—can be interpreted; these intersections will indicate the direction to be followed. In general terms, the SWOT allows managers to compare and contrast potential strategies and identify, after a series of strategies developed, how to sustain competitive advantage, which is why strategies must be consistent with one another (Hill et al., 2019).

The formal process of strategic planning has five main steps, as described by Hill et al. (2019):

- Selection of the mission and main goals
- Analysis of the organization's external environment to identify opportunities and threats
- Analysis of the organization's internal environment to identify strengths and weaknesses
- Selection of the strategies that will reinforce the organization's strengths and address its weaknesses to take advantage of the external opportunities and counteract threats. These strategies must be consistent with the organization's mission and main goals and aligned with the established strategic planning model.
- Implementation of strategies

The implementation of the strategies involves taking actions at all levels within the organization to execute the strategic plan. That requires involving all constituents. Both the process and the plan must have the necessary resources (financial,

human, and fixed assets) to achieve the goals. The planning process must be an open one to obtain commitment and openness to change and transformation. The ongoing assessment will maintain educational innovation and effectiveness towards continuous improvement regarding IES.

The strategic plans generated in the planning process are usually projected over a period of one to five years (Hill et al., 2019). The plan is evaluated each year. The authors highlight that the results of the annual process should be used as input for the budgeting process of the incoming year, so that strategic planning determines the resource allocation within the organization.

Strategic planning model at the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao. For more than four decades, the UPRH has used its Strategic Plan as a guide for growth and resource allocation. It is complemented by other institutional plans developed in compliance with state and federal regulations. To this end, in order to maintain institutional effectiveness through the analysis of plans evaluation, the institution approved the *Institutional effectiveness policy: alignment of planning with the allocation of resources* (UPRH, 2018). The policy defines institutional effectiveness as the validation of all management in which institutional personnel are involved to achieve its mission and goals. The institutional process involves academic programs, services, and administrative processes¹. For this reason, the UPRH will follow the policy to promote institutional priorities and systemic projections. The three priorities established and conceptualized as intertwined, and inseparable are:

- Innovation: Planning of a technological future and integrated globalization
 - Development of distance education programs
 - Development of graduate programs
 - Creation of microenterprises



¹ The institutional plans are approved by the Governing Board of the University of Puerto Rico and by the Administrative Board of the UPRH.

- Sustainability: Effort to maintain economic and academic autonomy as the future progresses
 - Restructuring of administrative offices and academic programs
 - Diversification of the financial base
 - o Improvement of infrastructure
- Services: Serving the community in an ethically responsible and meaningful way
 - Students' involvement in community outreach activities
 - Training students to meet the professional needs of the community
 - Involvement of community leaders, alumni, and other constituents

With the policy approval, the adoption of the Institutional Effectiveness model of Nichols y Nichols (2000) was also recertified. The model's approach is based on measures of expected outcomes in compliance with the institutional mission and integrates, at all institutional levels, the operational plans, the assessment processes, and the resource allocation. The following figure graphically describes the model.

Relationship between strategic planning and institutional effectiveness planning



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In March of the 2021-2022 Academic Year, the MSCHE virtual visit for institutional reaccreditation was received, which led to the summative evaluation of the PED. The results of both processes serve as the basis for the fifth iteration and reevaluation of this document. Once the plan is approved, which will guide the institution's development over the next five years, the UPRH will have the following necessary documents to continue with the analysis of institutional and educational effectiveness:

- 2024-2025 to 2028-2029 Strategic Plan
- 2024-2025 to 2028-2029 Institutional Assessment Plan
- 2018-2021 Financial Plan (Extended until 2026)

The implementation of the Strategic Plan is operationalized through the Institutional Planning and Assessment Cycle approved by the Administrative Board (Certification Number 1996-1997-138). It is emphasized that this strategic planning model also incorporates the characteristics of excellence in higher education as established by the Middle States Commission on Higher Education; specifically, with respect to the document presented here, the Standard IV: Planning, resources, and institutional improvement. This standard states that the institutional planning processes, resources, and structures are aligned with each other and are sufficient to fulfill the mission and goals, to assess and continuously improve its programs and services, and to effectively respond to opportunities and challenges.

Internal environment of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao

The strategic capacity involves being the forefront of environmental changes, globalization, and all other factors that allow an organization to grow, innovate, and improve its competitiveness, while anticipating to both social and its own organization needs. Understanding the environment is the foundation to identify all factors that influence in the organization in order to propose actions that will allow to face emerging situations (Navarrete et al., 2023).

The weaknesses and strengths of the UPRH are summarized below based on the 2022 UPRH Self-Study, which identifies the institution as student-centered. The self-study was used by the evaluation team of the regional accrediting agency

Strategic Plan of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao

2024-2029



to establish compliance with the affiliation standards and requirements. Also, within the cultural aspect, the relevant findings from the following documents were considered: Tabulation: summative evaluation, 2013-2022 Strategic Development Plan, and Strategic Framework of Economic Development: Purpose (2022). Additionally, other aspects that distinguish the institution were identified.

The summary of the strengths and weaknesses is detailed below. The numbering does not represent the order of importance.

Strengths

Academic

- 1. Assessment of general education competencies
- Assessment of academic programs' core courses competencies
- Institutional Assessment Plan
- Assessment bulletin published annually
- Institutionalization of the Assessment Forum
- Accredited academic programs (9)
- Accredited or certified services (2)
- Unique programs in the UPR system (4)
- Unique programs in Puerto Rico (7)
- 10. Academic preparation of the faculty, sustained increase in doctoral degrees
- 11. Sustained increase in faculty certified to offer distance learning courses
- 12. Strategic Development Plan
- 13. Institutionalization of assessment tools
- 14. UPRH Financial Plan
- 15. Faculty that submits proposals for external funding
- 16. Undergraduate research
- 17. Publications in peer-reviewed journals
- 18. Institutionalization of the Research Day
- 19. Services for Students with Disabilities Office

Services to the external community

- 1. Preuniversity programs and academic, service, and research proposals that contemplate this component
- 2. Alliances with different public, private and community entities
- Promotion and Recruitment Area in the Admissions Office
- Institutionalization of the new admitted students' orientation
- Strategic Development Plan
- Institutionalization of the Student Follow-up Study
- 7. Institutional Assessment Plan
- 8. UPRH Financial Plan
- 9. Faculty submits external funding proposals for service projects
- 10. Preschool Demonstrative Center
- 11. UPRH Open House
- 12. Center of Comprehensive Services for Homeless People (SIPSH)
- 13. Graphic Arts
- 14. Águedo Mojica Marrero Library
- 15. Transdisciplinary Institute of Social Action Research (ITIAS)
- 16. Natural Sciences Vessel

Cultural

- 1. Eastern region constitutes a center of cultural richness, tourist attractions and natural reserves with diverse ecosystems
- 2. Office of Cultural Activities
- 3. Academic activities that promote values of the Puerto Rican culture
- 4. Institutionalization of the universal time (Tuesdays and Thursdays 10:30 a. m. to 12:00 p. m.)
- 5. Student Follow-up Study with questions about cultural aspects
- 6. Minimum competencies of general education for all graduates
- 7. Institutional Assessment Plan
- 8. UPRH Financial Plan
- 9. Indexed Journals Exégesis y Cuadrivium
- 10. Choir and Band promote culture
- 11. "Teatro Gris"
- 12. Radio Web
- 13. Casa Roig Museum and Annex





Administrative

- 1. Stable non-teaching personnel with permanent status
- Student participation in deliberative bodies, academic departments, and institutional committees
- 3. Student organizations
- 4. Annual social activities for the entire university community
- 5. Student support services offices and programs
- 6. Institutionalization of the universal time for attendance at institutional activities
- 7. Institutionalization of the Institutional Planning and Assessment Cycle
- 8. Highly participatory strategic planning model
- 9. Defined institutional policies and regulations
- 10. Strategic Development Plan
- 11. Student Follow-up Study
- 12. Institutional Assessment Plan
- 13. UPRH Financial Plan
- Alignment of the institutional mission with academic departments and service offices

Weaknesses

Academic

- 1. Absence of a plan for development and acquisition of technological resources
- Systematization of assessment processes
- 3. Low retention and graduation rates from 46% of the academic programs
- Need to diversify and increase funding sources based on the planning process
- Absence of an official registry of the faculty's publications, creative work, and patents

Services to the external community

- Lack of continuous assessment of the services rendered to the external community
- 2. Need to diversify and increase funding sources based on the planning process
- 3. Market, on a large scale, the Decep's educational offer
- 4. Involvement of the external community for institutional development
- Absence of an official registry about the services rendered to the external community
- Búhos 842 Books and Memories

Cultural

- 1. Institutionalization of Puerto Rican Heritage Week
- 2. Institutionalization of the celebration of Environmental Protection Week
- 3. Need to diversify and increase funding sources based on the planning process

Administrative

- 1. Absence of a plan for development and acquisition of technological resources
- Lack of continuous assessment of support services for students and personnel
- 3. Lack of a deferred maintenance plan for physical facilities (needs identified by academic departments and administrative offices)
- 4. Need to diversify and increase funding sources according to the planning process
- Need for reengineering institutional operations through the best administrative practices
- 6. Need for approval of revolving accounts
- 7. Need for approval of donation accounts





External environment of the market

All organizations operate in an environment that far exceeds the industry in which they operate. As highlighted by Thompson et al. (2020), this macroenvironment includes seven main components: demographic characteristics; social values and lifestyles; legal, political, and regulatory factors; ecological and environmental factors; technological factors; general economic conditions; and global forces. Each component has the potential to affect the competitive environment in which the organization operates. At the same time, as noted by Robbins & Judge (2017), dynamic environments create much more uncertainty, which is why the administration can expand its structure to detect and respond to threats minimizing uncertainty in key markets.

Through Certification Number 2023-2024-034 by the Administrative Board of the UPRH, the *Market Area* was recertified. To determine the *Market Area*, enrollment data by municipality of residence was considered. The service area includes all of Puerto Rico. The certification included as part of the *Market Area* the 16 municipalities from the central-eastern geographic region of the country, which contribute between one and five percent of enrollment. These are: Caguas, Gurabo, Humacao, Juncos, Las Piedras, Naguabo, San Lorenzo, Yabucoa, Ceiba, Fajardo, Luquillo, Maunabo, Río Grande, Patillas, Culebra, and Vieques.

Every higher education institution must pay attention to the external environment in order to determine what challenges and opportunities should be considered for its development. Below is a summary of the opportunities and threats regarding relevant issues in the external environment of the UPRH.

Opportunities

1. Update of telecommunications infrastructure and technological interconnectivity to facilitate innovation

- Development of new and revitalized programs to promote the growth of tourism within a sustainable economy.
- 3. Development of the workforce to accelerate the process of closing the skills gap required in industries through educational programs
- 4. Support for sustainable economic growth through ocean-related sectors: fishing and agriculture
- Competitive citizens with the essential skills and abilities required by the workforce
- Emerging jobs: computing and mathematics, data and artificial intelligence, and digital product development
- Business planning that facilitates entrepreneurship so anyone can create a successful business in Puerto Rico
- 8. Promotion of tourism research and development through partnerships between academia and the tourism industry
- 9. Implementation of the lifelong learning model
- 10. Retraining the workforce with *up-skilling* and *re-skilling* programs
- 11. Renovation and relaunch of vocational schools focused on entrepreneurship
- 12. Collaboration between educational institutions and industries

Threats

- 1. Low birth rates
- Exodus of Puerto Ricans to the United States
- 3. Government faces difficulties in paying the debt, leading to the Puerto Rico Oversight, Management, and Economic Stability Act (PROMESA)
- 4. Aging population
- 5. The eastern region is in the path of tropical hurricanes in the Caribbean
- 6. High levels of violence
- 7. Conservation of natural resources
- 8. Climate change threatens to erase part of Puerto Rico's historical heritage along its coasts
- 9. Lack of integration of educational levels
- 10. Labor shortage affects the economy and businesses



Analysis of the challenges in higher education

In this section, information related to the various analyses of the challenges facing higher education in the 21st century is presented. The most pressing challenges are:

Academic

- Encourage the entrepreneurial mindset of students through university innovation centers that allow the creation of innovative projects or companies.
- Professionalize teaching as a collaborative task in which the role of educators as knowledge producers and key figures in educational and social transformation is recognized
- Maintain connections between higher education institutions, educational levels, and both formal and informal learning
- Artificial intelligence at all educational levels
- Relevance of study programs to meet the needs of the labor market

Services for the external community

- Create a life project that strengthens individuals, their families, communities, and humanity
- Develop spaces for reflection and dialogue
- Establish collaborations between individuals, groups, and local and global communities
- Diversified offer to strengthen the process of internationalization
- Promote the development of a culture of planning, assessment, and social accountability to make higher education more relevant

Cultural

- Increase educational opportunities that arise throughout life and in different cultural and social environments
- Preserve cultural identities, whether collective, institutional, or personal
- Relate human beings to non-human beings, the Earth, and the universe
- Promote a culture of continuous learning through all stages to maintain competitiveness
- Provide opportunities for innovative, multicultural, and flexible learning

Administrative

- Integrate capital, technology, and information
- Make good-faith comparisons (benchmarks), without imposing or assuming homogeneity
- Promote and facilitate associations between public policy design—including financing—the action of social organizations, and the actions of IES as essential elements for higher education that can respond to the needs of the 21st century
- View higher education as a strategic investment for the efficient production of knowledge with a commitment to the development of countries and humanity
- Foster participatory management by integrating all employees for the efficient achievement of objectives, empowering them, and improving the organizational climate
- Adopt a human-centered approach to artificial intelligence that aims to reorient the debate to include the role of AI in addressing inequalities in the access to education, research, and the diversity of cultural expressions





Legal base of the University of Puerto Rico

The Law of the University of Puerto Rico, Law No. 1 of January 20 of 1996, as amended, in its Article 1 establishes that the law's purpose is to reorganize the University of Puerto Rico, reaffirm and strengthen its autonomy, and facilitate its continuous growth.

Article 2 states that the university, as an institution of higher education, due to its obligation to serve the people of Puerto Rico and its due loyalty to the ideals of a fully democratic society, has as its essential mission to achieve the following objectives, which are inseparable from the broadest freedom of teaching and scientific research:

- Transmit and increase knowledge through the sciences and the arts, placing it at the service of the community through the actions of its professors, researchers, students, and alumni.
- Contribute to the cultivation and enjoyment of the ethical and aesthetic values of culture.

In the faithful fulfillment of its mission, the university shall:

- 1. Cultivate the love for knowledge as a path to freedom through the search and discussion of truth, with respect for creative dialogue.
- 2. Preserve, enrich, and disseminate the cultural values of the Puerto Rican people and strengthen the awareness of their unity in the common effort to solve their problems democratically.
- 3. Seek the full development of the students, in view of their responsibility of serving the community.
- 4. Fully develop the intellectual and spiritual richness latent in our people, so that the values of intelligence and the spirit of the exceptional personalities emerging from all its social sectors, especially those least favored in economic resources, may be put at service of the Puerto Rican society.

- Collaborate with other organisms, within its own spheres of action, in the study of Puerto Rico's problems.
- Keep in mind that, due to its nature as a university and its identification with the ideals of life in Puerto Rico, it is essentially linked to the values and interests of the entire democratic community.

The vision of the University of Puerto Rico is:

University of excellence and international positioning, committed to student success through innovative and transformative work in teaching, research, creation, innovation, and service in the various fields of human knowledge to develop a responsible citizenship (PE 2017-2022, UPR).

Strategic Plan of the University of Puerto Rico

The Strategic Plan of the University of Puerto Rico: a cartography of creative and innovative actions 2023-2028 establishes the path to follow to continue leading changes and innovation in higher education, academic research, and service to the country while successfully facing contemporary local and global challenges.

The plan is aligned with the accreditation standards of the Middle States Commission on Higher Education. Similarly, it is consistent with Puerto Rico's economic development plan and with the United Nations' sustainable development goals.

The primary objective of the plan is to identify creative and innovative paths and actions for the UPR while preserving its institutional character and ability to offer a universal education. The concept of cartography used as a metaphor in the title of the plan refers to the educational, social, political, economic, and cultural role of the institutional units in the communities and regions where they are located. The strategic issues in which the goals and objectives are framed are:

Strategic issue 1: Academic innovation for the success of future student generations

Strategic issue 2: Administrative innovation for the well-being of the university community and

the improvement of services and the institution's capacity to generate new

funding

Strategic issue 3: Innovation in research with a social commitment

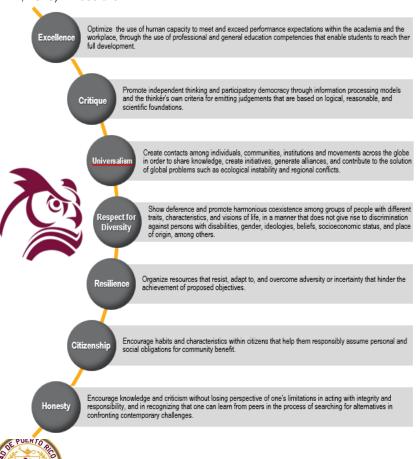
Strategic issue 4: Promotion of ethical and esthetic values in art and culture





Values of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao

As stated by Robbins and Judge (2017), values have both content and intensity attributes. The content attribute establishes that a mode of behavior or state of existence is important. The intensity attribute specifies how important it is. The values of the UPRH were redefined, and the definitions are more comprehensive (PED, 2013). These are:



Mission of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao

In accordance with the criteria of Standard 1 Mission and Goals of the Accreditation Standards and Affiliation Requirements of the Middle States Commission on Higher Education (2023) and to the challenges of higher education, the mission statement of the UPRH, approved in 2013, was revised. According to the analysis, the direction and purpose statement of the UPRH is as follows:

The University of Puerto Rico at Humacao, centered in the student success: Promotes academic excellence, innovation, and service in forming professionals who contribute to the social, economic, and cultural development of the eastern area, Puerto Rico, and the Caribbean.

Vision of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao

In accordance with the values and the revision of the mission, the statement on the future expectations of the UPRH was reformulated. For these purposes, the vision statement is expressed as follows:

The University of Puerto Rico at Humacao aims to be a higher education center that provides services to non-traditional populations on different modalities that will broaden its local and international projection.

Goals of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao



Innovate the academic offering in various modalities to enhance the holistic development of the student



Expand educational programs, services, and community projects through strategic alliances that promote the development of the external community and the fiscal sustainability of the institution



Promote the optimization of institutional operations through best administrative and process reengineering practices that drive an agile service



Operationalization of the Strategic Plan

The implementation of the plan will be carried out through the *Institutional Effectiveness Policy: alignment of planning with resource allocation* approved by the Administrative Board, Certification Number 2015-2016-050 and its corresponding amendment, Certification Number 2017-2018-027. This policy recognizes the adopted institutional effectiveness model, previously presented, which integrates institutional planning and assessment. Furthermore, the policy integrates the phases of the budgeting cycle.

The cycle is oriented towards the preparation of short-term plans and reports from all institutional departments and offices to connect them with the institutional mid-term plans. It also includes processes for assessing results. This paradigm combines both efforts into a single cycle that includes:

- Development of the objectives aligned with institutional mission and goals
- Budgeting project to support objectives
- Evaluation of the measures of expected outcomes

The departments and offices contribute to the fulfillment of the institutional mission and goals through:

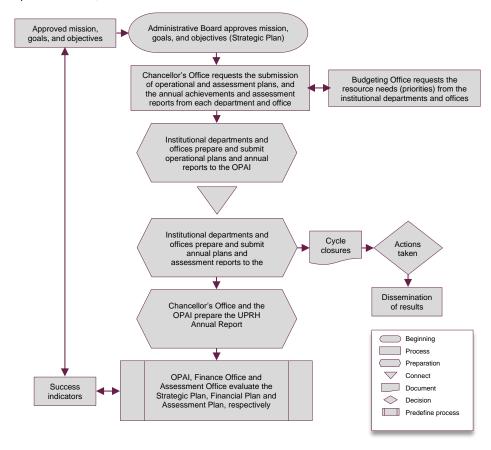
- Identification of priorities
- Alignment of common goals and objectives
- Contribution to the continuous improvement of the institution in a sustained manner
- Continuous improvement of student learning and of the services for students, teaching faculty, and non-teaching personnel

The purpose of preparing the plans and annual reports is to identify needs, request the allocation of resources, and demonstrate achievements and progress. The forms that make up the cycle are: Operational Plan, Assessment Plan, Annual Report on work done regarding the Operational Plan, and the Annual Assessment Report.

During the duration of the plan, formative and summative evaluations will be carried out. The success indicator to comply with the plan will be 75% or more by the end of the period.

Operationalization of the mission and goals

The institutional mission and goals are approved by the Administrative Board. These actions initiate the planning and assessment cycles of the institutional departments and offices. The annual plans and reports of the departments and offices are framed around ensuring that their goals and objectives are aligned with the institutional mission and goals. The effectiveness and efficiency of the institutional mission are framed by how it is operationalized, as described in the flowchart.





2024-2029 Strategic Plan

UNIVERSIRY OF PUERTO RICO AT HUMACAO

Goal A Innovate the academic offering in various modalities to enhance the holistic development of the student



Goal A: Innovate t	he academic offering in various modalities	to enhance the holistic development of the student	t
PE-UPR/MSCHE	Objective	Indicator	Strategy
Strategic Issue 1 M_01: O1.3	A1. Expand the academic offering to include the creation of new programs	Number of new programs	A1.1 Study of professions with higher demand from the Deanship of Academic Affairs
MSCHE STDS: I, II, III, V Strategic Issue 2	and courses in various modalities to enrich the university experience	Number of hybrid, online, and distance learning courses	A1.2 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) enrollment in new and revised programs
M_04: O4.4 MSCHE		Number of academic programs in the different modalities	A1.3 Enrollment in high-demand programs; total FTE and new admitted students
STDS: I, II, IV, VI, VII		Number of educational activities carried out by the faculty in addition to the academic workload	A1.4.1 Development of an inventory of uncompensated tasks in each academic department
			A1.4.2 Department reorganization that responds to the effective use of institutional resources
		 Number of evening academic offerings that meet the needs of the students 	A1.5 Survey for students in each program to determine preferred courses in evening, hybrid, online, and distance learning formats
Strategic Issue 4 M_10: O10:4 MSCHE STDS: I, II, III, V, VI	A2. Promote the development of student learning competencies to encourage lifelong learning in ethical, aesthetic, and cultural topics	Number of curricular and extracurricular activities related to ethics, aesthetics, and culture	A2.1.1 Implementation and evaluation of the General Education Component
Strategic Issue 3 M_07: O7.6 MSCHE STDS: I, II, VI	A3. Support creative and research work with local and international projection	Number of incentives to support the creative and research work of faculty and students	A3.1 Support with academic discharges, equipment, physical facilities, bonuses, intramural practices, compensations, and travels, among others, to promote and support creative and research work
		2. New patents	A3.2 Promote collaborative partnerships with industry, government agencies, and community organizations, including securing resources to support research
		3. Number of publications	A3.3 Official record of publications and creative work





PE-UPR/MSCHE	Objective		Indicator		Strategy
Strategic Issue 1 M_01: O1.7	A4. Facilitate the holistic development of the student through collaborative	1.	Number of collaborative projects	A4.1	Constitution of a liaison committee with the external community
MSCHE STDS: I, II, III, V	relationships that promote life experience and critical thinking	2.	Number of activities in the courses that promote collaborative relationships	A4.2	Assessment of services, projects, and educational programs aimed at the external community
M_01: O1.8 MSCHE STDS: I, II, III, V	A5. Diversify opportunities for entering the workforce and entrepreneurship to strengthen academic-work experiences with internal or external resources	1.	Number of entrepreneurship initiatives	A5.1	Inclusion of elements within curriculum that promote the use of artificial intelligence to facilitate the development of entrepreneurship in students
		2.	Number of internships and participating students	A5.2	Internship programs articulated with for-profit and non-profit organizations starting from early stages of university studies
		3.	Number of students participating in academicwork experiences	A5.3	Identification of internal and external connections that facilitate academic-work experiences
M_01: O1.9 AI MSCHE STDS: I, II, III, V	A6. Monitor student performance, including a data visualization tool that facilitates effective intervention and direct service to students to ensure their persistence,	1.	Number of students benefiting	A6.1.	Academic advisors will provide each semester follow-up to students from the moment of their admission until they complete their degree
	retention, and graduation			A6.1.	2 Evaluation of academic advising services
				A6.1.	3 Student Follow-up Study
				A6.1.	4 Evaluation of the persistence, retention, and graduation plan
M_01: O1.12 MSCHE	A7. Develop an electronic mechanism to evaluate student learning in general	1.	Elaboration of an assessment tool repository	A7.1.	Implementation and evaluation of the General Education Component
STDS: I, II, III, V	education and concentration courses			A7.1.	2 Strengthening of the Institutional Assessment Office.
		2.	Number of professional accreditations in progress, obtained, and maintained	A7.2.	Obtaining professional accreditation for those academic programs that are eligible
				A7.2.	2 Evaluation of the Institutional Assessment Plan



UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO AT HUMACAO

Goal B Expand educational programs, services, and community projects through strategic alliances that promote the development of the external community and the fiscal sustainability of the institution



Goal B: Expand educational programs, services, and community projects through strategic alliances that promote the development of the external community and the fiscal sustainability of the institution

TISCAI SUS	taına	ibility of the institution				
PE-UPR/MSCHE		Objective		Indicator		Strategy
Startegic Issue 4 M_10: O10.3 MSCHE	B1.	Support students and faculty community projects for social management and the appreciation of	1.	Number of community projects by professors, students, and student organizations	B1.1 to B1.2	Inventory of academic departments detailing community projects
STDS: I, II, III, V, VI		diversities	2.	Number of people benefited		
			3.	Level of satisfaction with community projects and activities developed	B1.3	Evaluation of the services rendered in community projects
M_11: O11.5 MSCHE	B2.	Establish academic and professional alliances and exchanges with local and	1.	Type of institutional alliances with local and international organizations	B2.1 to	Inventory of academic departments and offices detailing alliances and exchanges according to
STDS: I, II, III, V, VI		international organizations that strengthen the cultural and aesthetic	2.	Number of students participating in exchanges	B2.4	the indicators
		environment and the financial sustainability of the institution	3.	Number of Faculty participating in exchanges		
			4.	Amount of financial resources raised		
Strategic Issue 1 M_2: O2.1; O2.2; O2.3	В3.	B3. Diversify the educational offerings of the Division of Continuing Education and Professional Studies	1.	Amount of financial resources raised through courses with credit and grade	B3.1 to B3.4	Conduct periodic needs assessment (market analysis) of the external community
MSCHE STDS: I, II, III, V			2.	Non-traditional courses (short-term courses, continuing education, and courses with credit and grade from special projects)		
			3.	Number and type of workshops		
			4.	Professional certifications		
Strategic Issue 3	B4.	Expand support for the search and	1.	Number of proposals submitted	B4.1	Inventory of submitted and approved proposals,
M_7: O7.3 MSCHE		acquisition of external funds aimed at the creation and innovation in all its	2. Number of proposals approved	to B4.4	each one including the amount of funds generated per fiscal year	
STDS: I, II, VI		forms	3.	Percentage of external funds approved to complement the institutional operational budget	D1.1	gonorated per need year
			4.	20% or more of the total approved proposals will be for the development of research and artistic and literary creation		





Goal B: Expand educational programs, services, and community projects through strategic alliances that promote the development of the external community and the fiscal sustainability of the institution

listai sus	tainability of the institution		
PE-UPR/MSCHE	Objective	Indicator	Strategy
Strategic Issue 1 M_1: O1.5 MSCHE STDS: I, II, III, V	B5. Determine satisfaction with the services offered by the institution and the perceptions the community has about them	75% or more of the external community beneficiaries are satisfied with the services offered	B5.1.1 Systematic evaluation of the effectiveness and satisfaction of the services, programs, and initiatives offered to the community B5.1.2 Evaluation of the Institutional Assessment Plan



UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO AT HUMACAO

Goal C Promote the optimization of institutional operations through best administrative and process reengineering practices that drive agile service



PE-UPR/MSCHE	Objective		Indicator	Strategy	
Strategic Issue 2 M_4: O4.2	C1. Transform administrative structures through the use of technologies that	1.	Transformed administrative offices	C1.1.1 Administrative reengineering to administrative processes	o reconfigure
MSCHE STDS: I, II, IV, VI, VII	facilitate the provision of services in an agile manner			C1.1.2 Administrative reorganization to the effective use of institutiona the development of microenter	al resources and
				C1.1.3 Annual amount of financial res through administrative improve reengineering	
		2.	Technologies used in articulated processes	C1.2 Acquisition of artificial intelligen development of digital products	
M_4: O4.2 MSCHE STDS: I, II, IV, VI, VII	C2. Strengthen technological infrastructure to optimize institutional operations, leading to increased productivity and	1.	Inventory of needs for the acquisition of new technology	C2.1 Evaluation of budgetary reques departments and offices in the palignment of operational plans v	planning and
	the development of an effective communication	2.	Training for students and university employees (teaching and non-teaching) in the use of technology	C2.2 Creation of instructional module	es
		3.	Dissemination and guidance to the university community on established institutional policies	C2.3 Periodic publication of relevant direct and regular communication of the community	
		4.	75% or more compliance with the Visibility Plan (summative evaluation)	C2.4 Evaluation of the Visibility Plan	
M_4: O4.7 MSCHE STDS: I, II, IV, VI, VII	C3. Increase institutional efforts to improve physical infrastructure following sustainability principles, prioritizing academic, service, research, and creation needs	1.	Inventory of physical infrastructure needs in compliance with state and federal laws	C3.1.1 Agile mechanism for the continuous maintenance of physical facilit attention to structures that posand safety, are obsolete, or arnew trends and technologies	ies, with special se a risk to health
				C3.1.2 Maintenance of green areas	
				C3.1.3 Rental of Physical facilities	
		2.	Number of new construction or renovation projects submitted to Central Administration	C3.2 Establishment of sustained rela responsible for the funds alloca projects	





Goal C: Promote t	ne optimization of institutional operations	throu	gh best administrative and process reengineer	ring pra	actices that drive an agile service
PE-UPR/MSCHE	Objective		Indicator		Strategy
Strategic Issue 1 M_3: O3.1	C4. Promote the training of all university personnel	1.	Training and development plan for personnel completed by 75% or more	C4.1	Inventory of training and development needs for employees
MSCHE STDS: I, III, V Strategic Issue 2 M 5: O5.2		2.	Number of employees participating in professional development activities	C4.2	Systematic evaluation of the effectiveness and satisfaction of professional development activities
MSCHE STDS: I, II, IV, VI, VII				C4.3	Alliances with government and private entities that promote the development of an well-rounded citizen
Strategic Issue 1 M_1: O1.5	C5. Offer services based on a culture of planning and assessment for the	1.	Number of human resources assigned to the Planning and Evaluation offices	C5.1.	Strengthening of the Planning and Evaluation offices
MSCHE STDS: I, II, III, V	continuous improvement of processes			C5.1.2	2 Planning and Evaluation cycle adapted to established institutional processes
		2.	Level of satisfaction of the university community with physical facilities	to	Systematic evaluation of effectiveness and satisfaction with physical facilities, technological
		3.	Level of satisfaction of the university community with technological infrastructure	C5.7	infrastructure, communication mechanisms, training activities, services, programs and
		4.	75 % or more of the university community is satisfied with institutional communication mechanisms		initiatives
		5.	75 % or more of the university staff is satisfied with training activities		
		6.	75 % or more of individuals benefiting from the university community are satisfied with the services offered		
		7.	75 % or more of the university community is satisfied with the university environment		
		8.	75 % or more of compliance with the Strategic Plan (summative evaluation)	C5.8	Strategic Plan evaluation
		9.	75 % or more of compliance with the Institutional Assessment Plan (summative evaluation)	C5.9	Institutional Assessment Plan evaluation



UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO AT HUMACAO References

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UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO AT HUMACAO Plan Approval





JUNTA ADMINISTRATIVA



CERTIFICATION NUMBER 2024-2025-019

I, Amelia Maldonado Ruiz, Executive Secretary of the Administrative Board of the

University of Puerto Rico at Humacao, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:

The Administrative Board, at its ordinary meeting held on Thursday, December 5, 2024, approved with nine (9) votes in favor and two (2) votes abstained the UPRH 2024-2029 Strategic Plan, prepared by the 2024 Institutional Planning Committee in collaboration with the Planning, Accreditation and Institutional Research Office.

The Administrative Board exercised its functions according to Article 5, Section 5.2 of its Internal Regulations:

Article 5 – In compliance with the University of Puerto Rico Law, as amended in its Article 8, Item C and Section 22.6 and 65.11 of the University of Puerto Rico General Regulations, the following functions correspond to the Administrative Board:

Section 5.2: Elaborate projects and plans of development for this institutional unit, including the Strategic Development Plan.

The document includes a new mission and vision of the UPR at Humacao, which nullifies the mission and vision approved by Certification Number 20212-2013-36 Amended:

Mission:

The University of Puerto Rico at Humacao, centered in the student success: Promotes academic excellence, innovation, and service regarding diversity, equity and inclusion in forming professionals who contribute to the social, economic, and cultural development of the eastern area, Puerto Rico, and the Caribbean.

Vision:

The University of Puerto Rico at Humacao aims to be a higher education center that provides services to non-traditional populations on different modalities that will broaden its local and international projection.

UNIVERSIDAD DE PUERTO RICO EN HUMAÇÃO, CALL BOX 860 HUMAÇÃO, PUERTO RICO 00792



Certification Number 2024-2025-019 Page 2

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, and to remit to the corresponding university authorities,

this certification is issued in Humacao, Puerto Rico, on December nine of two thousand

transmitte France

Dr. Carlos A. Galiano Quiñones Chancellor and President

CGQ:AMR:shri

Attachment









I, Amelia Maldonado Ruiz, Executive Secretary of the Administrative Board of the

University of Puerto Rico at Humacao, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:

The Administrative Board, at its ordinary meeting held on Thursday, May 15, 2025, unanimously approved to amend the 2024-2029 Strategic Plan of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao, approved through Certification Number 2024-2025-019.

The amendment consists of removing the explicit use of the terms **diversity**, **equity**, and **inclusion** in light of changes in the Federal Government. These terms affect the Mission, in Goal A and Goal C, in Objective A2, with Indicator 1.e, Indicator 7, and in the Strategies C5.2 through C5.7. Strategy A2.1.2 is eliminated.

The approved amendments are presented in the following table:

Page	Where it reads:	It should read:				
10	Mission of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao	Mission of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao				
	The University of Puerto Rico at Humacao, centered in the student success: Promotes academic excellence, immovation, and service regarding diversity, equity and inclusion in forming professionals who contribute to the social, comomic, and cultural development of the eastern area, Puerto Rico, and the Caribbean.	The University of Puerto Rico at Humaca centiered in the student success: Promotes academic excellence, innovation, and service in forming professionals who contribute to the social, economic, and cultural development of the astern area, Puerto Rico, and the Carábbean.				
10	Goals of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao	Goals of the University of Puerto Rico at Humacao				
	Gont A Innovate the academic offering in various modalities to enhance the holistic development of the student through the principles of diversity, equity, and inclusion.	Innovate the academic offering in various modalities to enhano the holistic development of the student				
	Promote the optimization of institutional operations through best administrative practices and process reengineering that drive agile service and an institutional climate that respects the principles of diversity, equity, and inclusion	Goal C. Promote the optimization of institutional operations through hest administrative and process reengineering practices that drive an agile service				

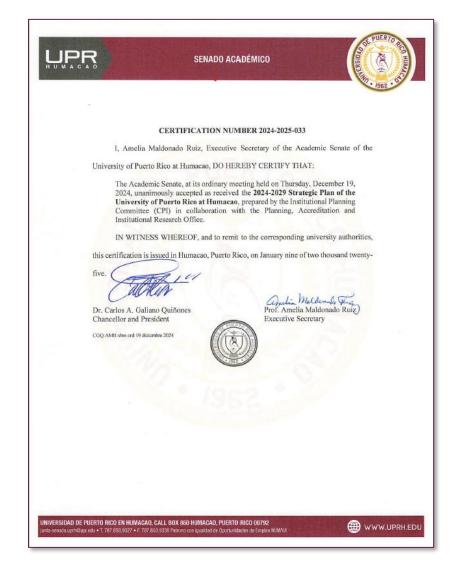
UNIVERSIDAD DE PUERTO RICO EN HUMACAO, CALL BOX 860 HUMACAO, PUERTO RICO 00792 junta-senado com@upcedo • T 787.850 9327 • F. 787.850 9338 Patrono con igualdad de Oportunidades de Empleo M/h



100	ige Where it reads:	It should read:
	Objective A2. Promote the development of student learning competencies to encourage lifelong learning in ethical, aesthetic, cultural and diversity, equity and inclusion topics	Objective A2. Promote the development of student learning competencies to encourage lifelong learning in ethical, aesthetic, and cultural topics
	Indicator 1. Number of curricular and extracurricula activities related to ethics, aesthetics, culture, diversity, equity, and inclusion	extracurricular activities related to ethics, aesthetics, and culture
	Strategy A2.1.2 Development of the institutional definition of diversity, equity, and inclusion	Strategy A2.1.2 Removed
2	1 Indicator 7. 75 % or more of the university community is satisfied with the respect for diversity, equity, and inclusion	Indicator 7. 75 % or more of the university community is satisfied with the university environment
	Strategy CS.2 Systematic evaluation of the effectiveness and satisfaction to with physical facilities, technologic CS.5 infastructure, communication mechanisms, training activities, services, programs and initiatives, an the respect for diversity, equity, and inclusion	infrastructure, communication mechanisms, training activities, and services, programs and initiatives
	e Mission approved by Certification ely for these purposes.	Number 2024-2025-019 is amended
	e compiled version of the aforemention ade part of this certification.	ned 2024-2029 UPRH Strategic Plan
IN	WITNESS WHEREOF, and to remit	to the corresponding university authorities
this certifi		ico, on May twenty-seven of two thousand
Or. Carlos	A. Galiano Quiñones r and President	Prof. Amelia Maldonado Ruiz Executive Secretary









UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO AT HUMACAO Glossary

Glossary

Institutional climate: Perception of the decision-making processes, institutional leadership, prevailing norms and policies in the workplace, structures, practices, attitudes, and values that promote the quality of personal interactions within an institution.

Artistic and literary creation: Academic activity that promotes the production of works and projects of an aesthetic nature.

Distance learning course: Course that involves a formal learning process in which instruction is delivered while the teacher and student are in different locations, either synchronously or asynchronously, and for which information and communication technologies serve as the link between the teacher, the student, and the institution. In a distance course, 75% to 99% of the total instructional hours occur in a non-presential format. The course description should indicate that the course is offered at a distance.

Onlice course: Distance course that delivers 100% of the total instructional hours (regular course contact hours) via the Internet. All the content, activities, and learning resources of the course are accessible through the Internet. The course description should indicate that the course is offered online.

Hybrid course: Course that involves a formal learning process in which part of the instruction is delivered while the teacher and student are in different locations, either synchronously or asynchronously. In addition to face-to-face meetings, information and communication technologies are used as the linking mechanism between the teacher, student, and institution. In a hybrid course, 25% to 75% of the total instructional hours occur at a distance. The course description should indicate that the course is offered in a hybrid format.

Distance education: Instructional method that uses information and communication technologies as the primary means of interaction between the teacher and student, and student to student, from different physical spaces.

General education: Undergraduate curriculum where general courses and concentration courses are intertwined by competencies that integrate the knowledge, skills, and values that the contemporary learner needs to enjoy a fulfilling and satisfying life as a member of a family, worker, citizen, and an individual with dignified and altruistic purposes.

Entrepreneurship: Process and activities related to the creation, development, and management of new business initiatives within the academic environment.

Full-time equivalent (FTE): Measure equivalent to a student enrolled full-time for an academic year. The total FTE enrollment includes full-time students plus the calculated equivalent of part-time student enrollment.

International: Something that transcends the borders of its own country.

Research: Systematic process of conducting an analysis method aimed at obtaining new knowledge and its application to solve scientific problems or questions.

Mission: Statement that describes the institution's reason for being, its purpose, why it exists, and its social commitment.

Reengineering: Restructuring of a project, company, or institution to improve its results or benefits.

Values: Statements about conceptions of what is desirable that the members of an institution commit to. They are the fundamental principles that guide the institutional effort.

Vision: Statement of what the institution aspires to be and its future expectations.





